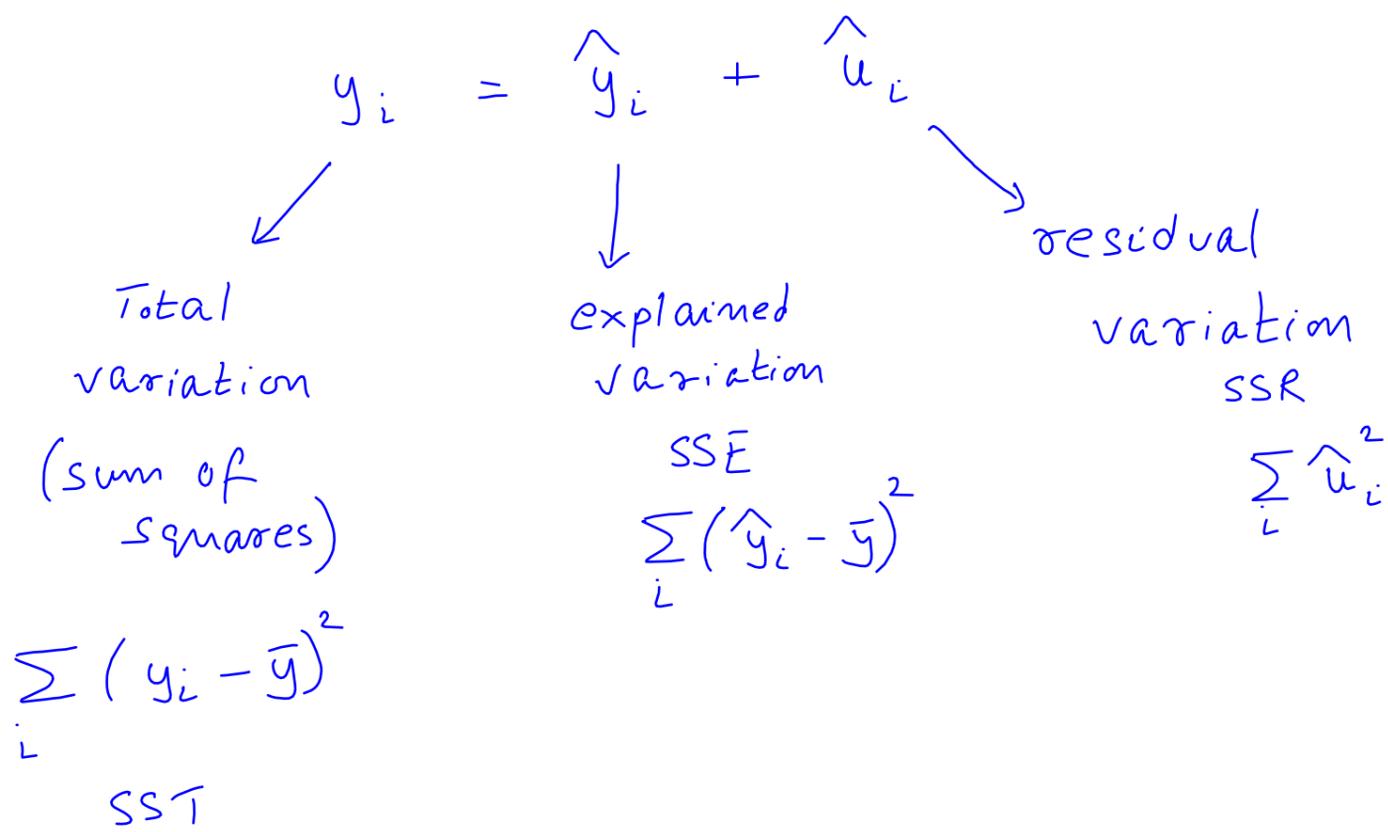


For each obs. i



$$SST = SSE + SSR$$

$$R^2 = \frac{SSE}{SST} = 1 - \frac{SSR}{SST}$$

$$0 \leq R^2 \leq 1$$

Also square of correlⁿ b/w y and \hat{y} .

High R^2 : not the ultimate objective!

Functional form

Data: hprice1

dep. var. (y) \rightarrow price of house (\$1000)

indep. var. (x) \rightarrow size in sq. ft.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + u$$

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = 0.14$$

For $\Delta x = 1$

$$\Delta y = 0.14 \quad (\text{i.e., } \hat{\beta}_1)$$

$\textcircled{2}$

$$\log(y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + u$$

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = 0.0004$$

Approx. effect of $\Delta x = 1 \rightarrow \% \Delta y = 100 \hat{\beta}_1$
 $= 0.04\%$

Exact " " $\rightarrow \% \Delta y$
 $= 100 [\exp(\hat{\beta}_1) - 1]$
 $= 0.04\%$

similar effect for small $\hat{\beta}_1$.

Why logs? constant % effect may be more credible.

Unit-free effects.

$\textcircled{3}$

$$\log(y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log(x) + u$$

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = 0.873$$

For $\Delta x = 1\%$, $\Delta y = 0.873\%$ (i.e. $\hat{\beta}_1\%$)

Expected value of OLS estimators

Under certain assumptions OLS \rightarrow unbiased

$$E(\hat{\beta}) = \beta$$

Ass^{ns}: \rightarrow ① linear model (in parameters; in β 's)

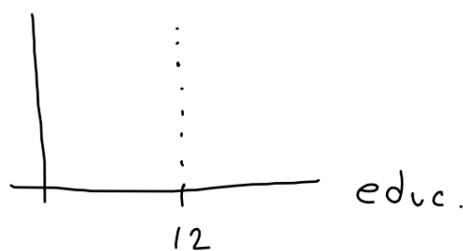
$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x^2 + u$$

$$\log(y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log(x) + u$$

$$y = \beta_0 + \sqrt{\beta_1} x + u \quad \times$$

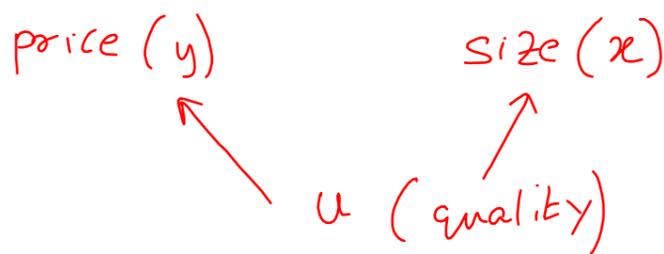
\rightarrow ② random sample e.g. not just price $>$ \$1 mill

\rightarrow ③ Variation in x
wage



\rightarrow ④ $E(u|x) = 0 \rightarrow x$ is exogenous

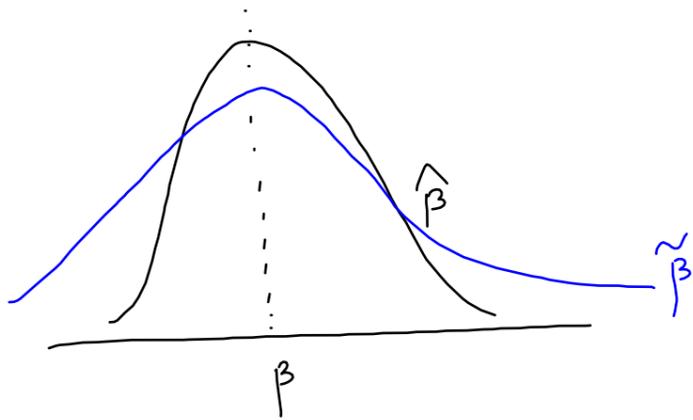
x is not endogenous



$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + u$$

$$E(y|x) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x$$

Variance of OLS estimators



variance : precision

$$\text{var}(\hat{\beta}) < \text{var}(\tilde{\beta})$$

Assⁿ of homoskedasticity

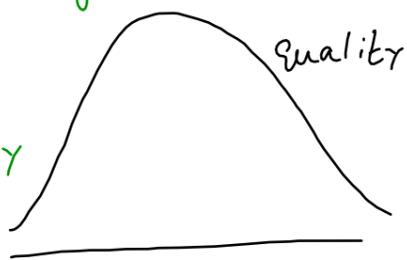
$$\text{var}(u|x) = \text{var}(u) = \sigma^2$$

$$\text{var}(y|x) = \sigma^2$$

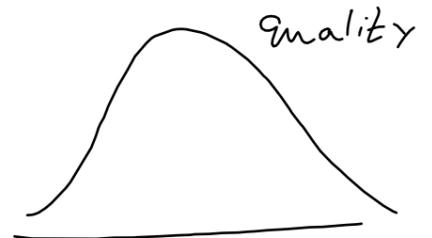
y: price of house; wage

x: size; educ.

u: quality; ability



1000 sq. ft.



500 sq. ft.



educ. = 12



educ. = 16