

## Chapter 5

consistency:

No asymptotic bias under slightly weaker assumptions.

$$E(u) = 0$$

$$\text{corr.}(x, u) = 0$$

For unbiased  $\hat{\beta} \rightarrow$  as  $n \uparrow$  dist. of  $\hat{\beta}$  more concentrated around  $\beta$ .

$$\sigma^2 : \frac{SSR}{n - (k+1)} \quad \frac{SSR}{n-2} \rightarrow \text{unbiased estimator of } \sigma^2$$

$$\frac{SSR}{n} \rightarrow \text{biased but consistent estimator of } \sigma^2$$

Asymptotic Normality:

$u \rightarrow \text{Normal}$

$y \mid x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_k \rightarrow \text{Normal}$

often not the case.

e.g.  $y \rightarrow$  indicator of employment  
# cigs., # kids

Under the ass<sup>ns</sup> for unbiasedness &  
homoskedasticity

$\overset{a}{\sim}$  : asymptotically  
distributed  
as

$$\frac{\hat{\beta}_j - \beta_j}{\text{se}(\hat{\beta}_j)} \overset{a}{\sim} \text{Normal}(0, 1)$$
$$\sim t_{n-k-1}$$

F statistics also have approximate F dist.  
with large  $n$ .